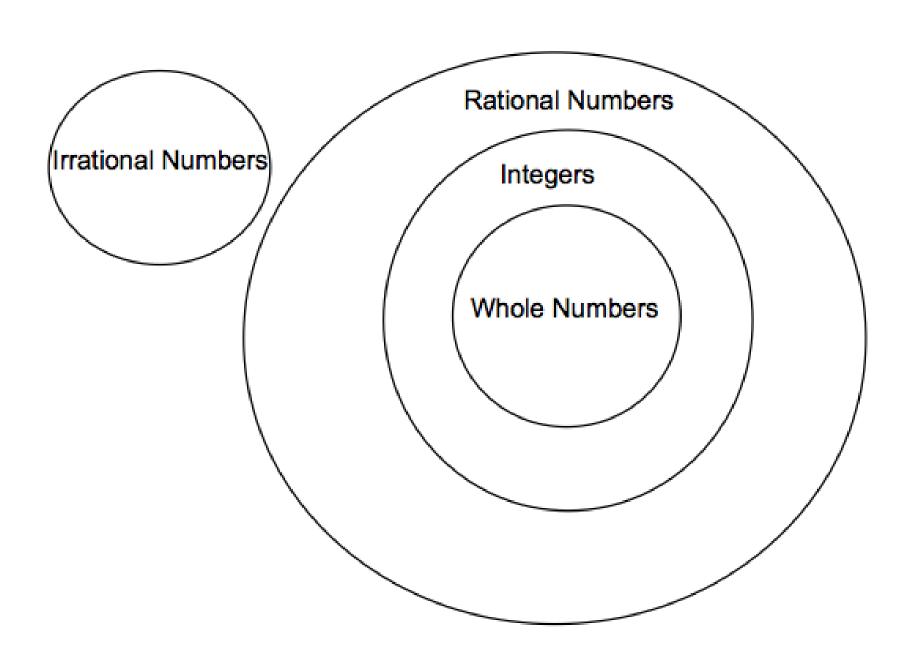
## **Rational Numbers**

 any number that can be written as a fraction where the numerator and denominator are integers.

Examples: 0.87, -23, 4, 2/3, 2. $\overline{78}$ , 8/3, and  $7\frac{1}{3}$ 

## Venn Diagram showing different sets of numbers.



Two types of decimals are rational numbers.

- 1) Terminating Decimals decimals that end.
- Repeating Decimals decimals that repeat and require bar notation.

Decimals that never repeat or terminate are called irrational numbers.

Going from a fraction to a decimal.

Method 1 - Long division.

Method 2 - Using a calculator and rounding correctly if necessary.

Going from a decimal to a fraction or mixed number.

Terminating Decimals - use place value and the denominator as 10, 100, 1000, etc. Repeating Decimals - use place value and a denominator as a 9, 99, 999, etc.

\*\*\* reduce fractions to lowest terms whenever possible.

Write each fraction as a decimal. Use bar notation to show repeating. No calculators.

1) 
$$\frac{7}{20}$$
 $20$ 
 $7.0$ 
 $-60$ 
 $-100$ 
 $-100$ 

Write each fraction as a decimal. Use bar notation to show repeating. No calculators.

Devinn's volleyball team won 32 out of 44 games last year.
 To the nearest thousandth, find the winning percentage.
 Calculators allowed.

Order from least to greatest. Calculator allowed.

 $2.67 2\frac{3}{5} 2\frac{2}{3}$ 

Hint: make these all \_decimals

2.67 2.6 2.6

L+0G 2= 3, 2.67

Write each decimal as a fraction or mixed number in simplest form.

Write each decimal as a fraction or mixed number in simplest form.

9) 
$$-2.\overline{5}$$

$$\frac{09}{99} = \frac{9}{99}$$
 reduce